

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET TILL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

TR/TSS/ENG/22

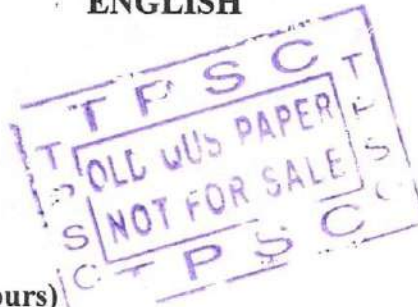
Test Booklet Series

TEST BOOKLET
ENGLISH



(Signature of the Candidate)

(Invigilator's Signature)



Time Allowed – 2 hours (Two hours)

Maximum Marks – 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1. PLEASE CHECK THE TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. **ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET BY BLACK BALL POINT PEN ONLY.**
3. (a) This Test Booklet is divided into two parts, i.e. PART - I & PART - II.
(b) **PART - I (MCQ Pattern)** contains 60 items (questions). Each question, carrying 1(one) mark only, has four responses (answers). You will choose the response which you want to mark on the **OMR Answer Sheet**. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the most appropriate. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
(c) Question under **PART - II (Conventional Pattern)** contains 03 (three) items, which are to be answered in separate Answer Book.
4. You have to mark all your responses of **PART - I** by **Black Ball Point Pen** only on the separate OMR Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
5. Before you proceed to answer the responses to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars both in the OMR Answer Sheet for **PART - I** and in the Answer Book for **PART - II**.
6. On the completion of the Examination you should handover the OMR Answer Sheet for **PART - I** & Answer Book for **PART - II** to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take the Test Booklet with you.
7. Sheets for rough work are appended on the Test Booklet at the end.
8. **Penalty for wrong answers for PART - I only :**
 - (a) There will be four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-fourth** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
 - (b) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **Wrong Answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
 - (c) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET TILL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

ENGLISH
PART - I
(MCQ Pattern)

Marks - 60

Answer *all* questions.

Four options are given against each of the following questions. Select the best/correct option from among the four options and encode in the Answer Sheet by using **Black Ball Point Pen** only as per example given below :

Example : The capital of India is

- (A) Delhi (B) New Delhi
(C) Indraprastha (D) None of these

Direction for Question Nos. 1 to 16.

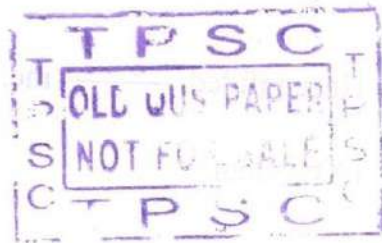
Choose appropriate articles and prepositions and complete the following sentence :

1. Help Age India is ——— NGO that provides reliefs to the elderly people.

- (A) the (B) a
(C) an (D) None of these

2. I am envious ——— them.

- (A) of (B) about
(C) in (D) on



3. He soon became accustomed ——— the local food.

- (A) to (B) by
(C) with (D) in

4. The new chapter begins ——— the page 50.

- (A) at (B) with
(C) by (D) in

5. I am quite familiar ——— this place.

- (A) with (B) to
(C) in (D) None is correct

6. He complains ——— pain in the head.

- (A) of (B) for
(C) with (D) against

7. He looks upset, I think he took the criticism ——— heart.

- (A) to (B) about
(C) in (D) of

8. He confided ——— me.

- (A) about (B) in
(C) on (D) of

9. The teacher sets some homework ——— the end of the lesson.

- (A) about (B) in
(C) of (D) at



10. She did ——— MA in French literature.

- (A) an (B) a
(C) one (D) None of these

11. My garden's looking lovely now that ——— daffodils are in flower.

- (A) a (B) the
(C) one (D) None of these

12. It's ——— most expensive hotel in town.

- (A) a (B) the
(C) one (D) None of these

13. ——— Mount Everest is in the Himalayas.

- (A) A (B) The
(C) One (D) None of these

14. My mother is allergic to ——— cigarette smoke.

- (A) a (B) the
(C) an (D) None of these

15. Petrol has become dearer ——— the end of last year.

- (A) from (B) for
(C) since (D) to



16. With your help I could tide ——— my difficulties.

(A) away

(B) off

(C) against

(D) over

Direction for Question Nos. 17 to 24.

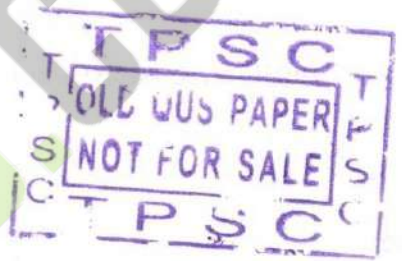
Choose correct sentence from the options given :

17. (A) He asked me what I want ?

(B) He asked me what I wanted.

(C) He asked me what did I want ?

(D) He asked me what do I want ?



18. (A) Every girl and every boy was given a silver medal.

(B) Every girl and every boy were given a silver medals.

(C) Every girl and every boy were given silver medals.

(D) Every boys and every girls were given silver medals.

19. (A) He had his bath, ate his breakfast and after all went to school.

(B) He had his bath, ate his breakfast and at last went to school.

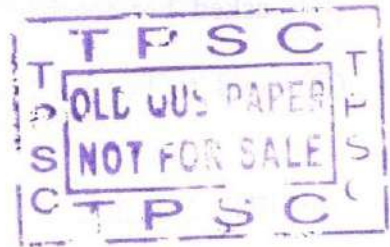
(C) After all he went to school and had his bath, ate his breakfast.

(D) He bathed, ate breakfast, went to school after all.

20. (A) The state of affairs is sure to cause him anxiety.
(B) The state of affairs are sure to cause him anxiety.
(C) The states of affair is sure to cause him anxiety.
(D) The states of affairs is sure to cause him anxiety.

21. (A) Unless you do not work, you will fail.
(B) Unless you work, you will fail.
(C) Unless you work, you will not fail.
(D) Untill you do not work, you will fail.

22. (A) We have lose all we had.
(B) We have losing all we had.
(C) We have lost all we had.
(D) We shall lost all we had.



23. (A) She has bought this dress yesterday.
(B) She has been bought this dress yesterday.
(C) She bought this dress yesterday.
(D) She can bought this dress yesterday.

24. (A) The earth moves round the sun.
(B) The earth moving round the sun.
(C) The earth move round the sun.
(D) The earth had move round the sun.

Direction for Question Nos. 25 to 30.

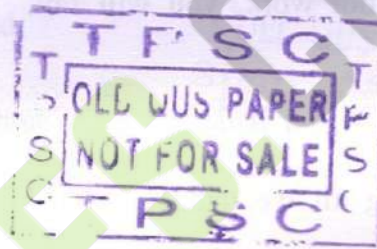
Identify the errors of construction in the under lined portions and choose the correct alternative in place :

25. The furniture in this room are made of teak.

- (A) have (B) had
(C) is (D) No error

26. Sheela told her teacher to explain the chapter once again.

- (A) ordered her teacher
(B) invited her teacher
(C) asked her teacher
(D) said to her teacher



27. The train was left the station before I had reached the platform.

- (A) left (B) have left
(C) has left (D) no error

28. Physics is a little more than the register of few laws.

- (A) little more (B) very little more
(C) little less (D) No error

29. There is plenty of time to catch the train.

- (A) to reach (B) to get
(C) to hold (D) No correction

30. If I was you I would not treat him like this.

(A) was I you

(B) If I have been you

(C) If I were you

(D) No error

Direction for Question Nos. 31 to 36.

Replace the underlined expression in each sentence with the right option following thereby :

31. Oliver was always running down his brother Orlando.

(A) snub (some one)

(B) speak ill of

(C) defeat

(D) hurt physically

32. The man cannot be trusted in the post for he has an itching palm.

(A) habit of taking bribe

(B) has an infectious disease

(C) habit of flattery

(D) a quarrelling habit

33. I cannot deal with a queer fish like him.

(A) having too much critical habit

(B) dishonest person

(C) very mean person

(D) eccentric and peculiar person



34. The two brothers fell out, after their father's last will was brought out by the attorney.

- (A) quarrelled
- (B) separated
- (C) attacked each other
- (D) yielded

35. He is ill at ease in his new position.

- (A) not comfortable
- (B) feeling sad
- (C) angry
- (D) callous

36. He had to pay through the nose for his new computer.

- (A) pay very high price
- (B) very cheap
- (C) ' moderate rate
- (D) profitable rate

Direction for Question Nos. 37 to 44.

Choose the appropriate meaning of the Phrases underlined :

37. "Don't try to throw dust into my eyes. You will not succeed."

- (A) to protect my eyes
- (B) blind me with dust
- (C) to mislead or confuse me
- (D) to blind me with dust

38. Don't mix with the bad hats.

- (A) people of bad character
- (B) people selling bad hats
- (C) people of poor status
- (D) people with bad hats

39. To cry wolf in minor matters is not right.
- (A) To refer to (B) To emphasise
(C) To have no result (D) To give false alarm

40. All our effort ended in smoke.
- (A) to come to nothing (B) to gain importance
(C) to praise oneself (D) to reach target

41. The number increased by leaps and bounds.
- (A) very fast (B) very slow
(C) in details (D) aimlessly

42. I have hit upon a good plan to get rid of him.
- (A) broke (B) found
(C) destroyed (D) dashed

43. I saw through the trick.
- (A) understood (B) denied
(C) detected (D) decided

44. His folly has brought about his ruin.
- (A) satisfied (B) caused
(C) produced (D) persuaded



Direction for Question Nos. 45 to 52.

Choose the correct Synonym (most nearest meaning) from the options given below :

45. Redress

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| (A) send to a new place | (B) reuse |
| (C) dress in a new style | (D) to put right again |

46. Alimentary

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| (A) fundamental, basic | (B) acceptable |
| (C) commonplace | (D) of food and digestion |

47. Impair

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| (A) injure | (B) repair |
| (C) improve | (D) run through |

48. Detest

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| (A) argue | (B) hate |
| (C) discover | (D) reveal |

49. Pensive

- | | |
|----------------|-----------|
| (A) oppressed | (B) caged |
| (C) thoughtful | (D) happy |

50. Banish

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| (A) exile | (B) hate |
| (C) fade | (D) clean |

51. Coward

(A) brave

(B) gallant

(C) timid

(D) discourteous

52. Divine

(A) hellish

(B) infernal

(C) godly

(D) hibernate

Direction for Question Nos. 53 to 60.

Choose the correct Antonym (most opposite meaning) from the options given below :

53. Curiosity

(A) insipidity

(B) enthusiasm

(C) cruelty

(D) gaiety

54. Ingenuous

(A) artful

(B) unsophisticated

(C) mechanical

(D) shameful

55. Alien

(A) foreigner

(B) guest

(C) native

(D) netizen

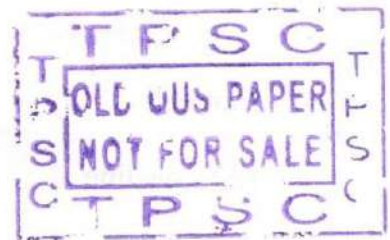
56. Secret

(A) friendly

(B) covert

(C) hidden

(D) overt



57. Heartfelt

- (A) loving
- (B) insincere
- (C) unhealthy
- (D) humorous

58. Awe

- (A) borrow
- (B) shallow
- (C) low
- (D) contempt

59. Eternal

- (A) temporal
- (B) perpetual
- (C) immortal
- (D) encounter

60. Flourish

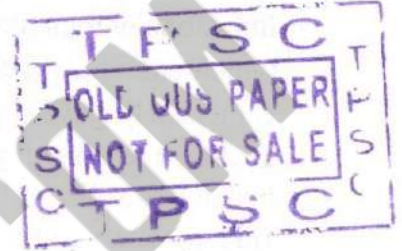
- (A) decline
- (B) grow
- (C) progress
- (D) hesitant.

ENGLISH
PART – II
(Conventional Pattern)

Marks – 40

61. Write an essay not exceeding 300 words on any *one* of the following : 20

- (i) Good Governance.
- (ii) Future of cashless society in India.
- (iii) Impact of modern technology on farming in Tripura.
- (iv) Women empowerment.



Or

Write a report not exceeding 300 words on any *one* of the following : 20

- (i) Union budget 2022-23.
- (ii) The menace of polybags.
- (iii) A cultural programme to raise funds for soldiers.
- (iv) 'Shilpa Mela' 2022 in Agartala.

62. Write a summary of the following and suggest a title : 2+8=10

In civilized life there is a rule against violence, against taking the law into our own hands; it is a rule which most of us observe. So a great number of people go through life accepting orderliness and non-violence as a part of the scheme of nature. But when an individual refuses to observe the current rules and follows the simple rule that might is right, the law-abiding members of society do not know what to do. They look on in helpless confusion. The last two wars did not alter men's attitude towards the rules of life. Men went into the fighting line not because "Man is a Fighting Animal", but because they were law-abiding citizens obediently doing what the state told them to do. It was the duty of the soldier to commit violence and murder upon his country's enemies; but he did these things under orders.

Or

Make a precis of the following and suggest a title :

2+8=10

The Romans had discovered that, by mixing volcanic ashes in proper proportions, they could secure a cement which would harden under water. They named it *puzzolona*, and made much use of it in their water supply and harbour works. Long before this time, since the dawn of history, lime had been used. Some of it, now called hydraulic lime, had the power of hardening more or less under water and was doubtless used in that way. Not until the eighteenth century, however, was it discovered that any limestone which happens to contain clay has this quality, while common limestone which contains no clay will harden only in air. In 1824 Joseph Aspdin invented Portland cement. He gave it that name because it looked like the stone in the cliffs of Portland, Dorset. He mixed ground limestone and clay and burned them in a furnace until they became fused, or joined, into a mass of clinker. He then ground the clinker into a fine powder and found that he had cement with extraordinary qualities which was destined to revolutionize construction throughout the world. Portland cement not only does not require the presence of air to harden, but will actually become far stronger if it is allowed to harden under water. A few hours after it has been mixed it sets, but it becomes harder and stronger for a long time afterwards.

63. Translate the following Bènegli passage into English :

10

কম্পিউটার আধুনিক বিজ্ঞানের এক বিস্ময়কর উপহার। কম্পিউটারের আর এক নাম যন্ত্রগণক। ব্রিটিশ বিজ্ঞানী চার্লস ব্যাবেজ এই যন্ত্র আবিষ্কার করেন। পৃথিবীর সব দেশে সব মানুষের কাছে কম্পিউটার খুব জনপ্রিয়। আজকাল যন্ত্রটি শুধু গণনাই করে না, তার এখন নানা কাজ। কম্পিউটারের সাহায্যে রোগীর রোগ নির্ণয় করা হয়, প্লেন বা ট্রেনের আসন সংরক্ষণ করা হয়। কম্পিউটার ইলেকট্রিক বিলের হিসাব রাখে; ইতিহাস, ভূগোল, বিজ্ঞান শেখায়। চিঠি লেখা থেকে শুরু করে জটিল অঙ্ক কষা, ছবি আঁকা, বই ছাপা, রেখাচিত্র আঁকা, পৃথিবীর নানা দেশের কাজকর্মের খবর দেওয়া সবই কম্পিউটারের মাধ্যমে সম্ভব হচ্ছে।



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